

Idaho Code 20-219 requires the Idaho Department of Correction (IDOC) to report annually on the impact of the 2014 Justice Reinvestment Act, including effects on prison population and cost savings. The legislation was intended to promote evidence-based strategies to improve outcomes by directing community resources to high-risk probationers and parolees while reserving prison space for the most dangerous and likely to reoffend.

Housing Capacity

IDOC prison population is at an **all-time high**

More than 1,200 people sentenced to IDOC custody are housed in county jails and 600 housed out of state

122%
of capacity



Our percent over capacity continues to climb in 2026

Population trends 2014 to 2025

**Total of men and women*

↑ Drug offenses
Increase
from 27% to 35%

**↑ Manslaughter, Murder
Assault, Sex offenses**
Increase from 44% to 47%
2% increase over 2024

↓ Property offenses
Decrease
from 17% to 12%
No change from 2024

↓ Alcohol offenses
Decrease
from 12% to 7%
1.2% increase over 2024

2016 – 2025 Supervision Violations by type

Violation type	2016	2025
New crime	41%	56%
Absconding	35%	20%
Technical	24%	25%

From 2016 to 2025, the percent of violations for **absconding supervision decreased**

Limited Supervision Unit

2,575 clients were supervised by the Limited Supervision Unit in 2025

Total investment
2014 - 2025

\$ 69.3M

Yearly average

\$6.9M

2025 invested

\$ 3.2M

Total restitution
collected since 2015

\$4.9M

Community Supervision Recidivism Trends

The 3yr percentage of recidivism is unchanged from last year to this year

15.9% 1st year supervised

30.0% 2nd year supervised

37.9% 3rd year supervised